

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

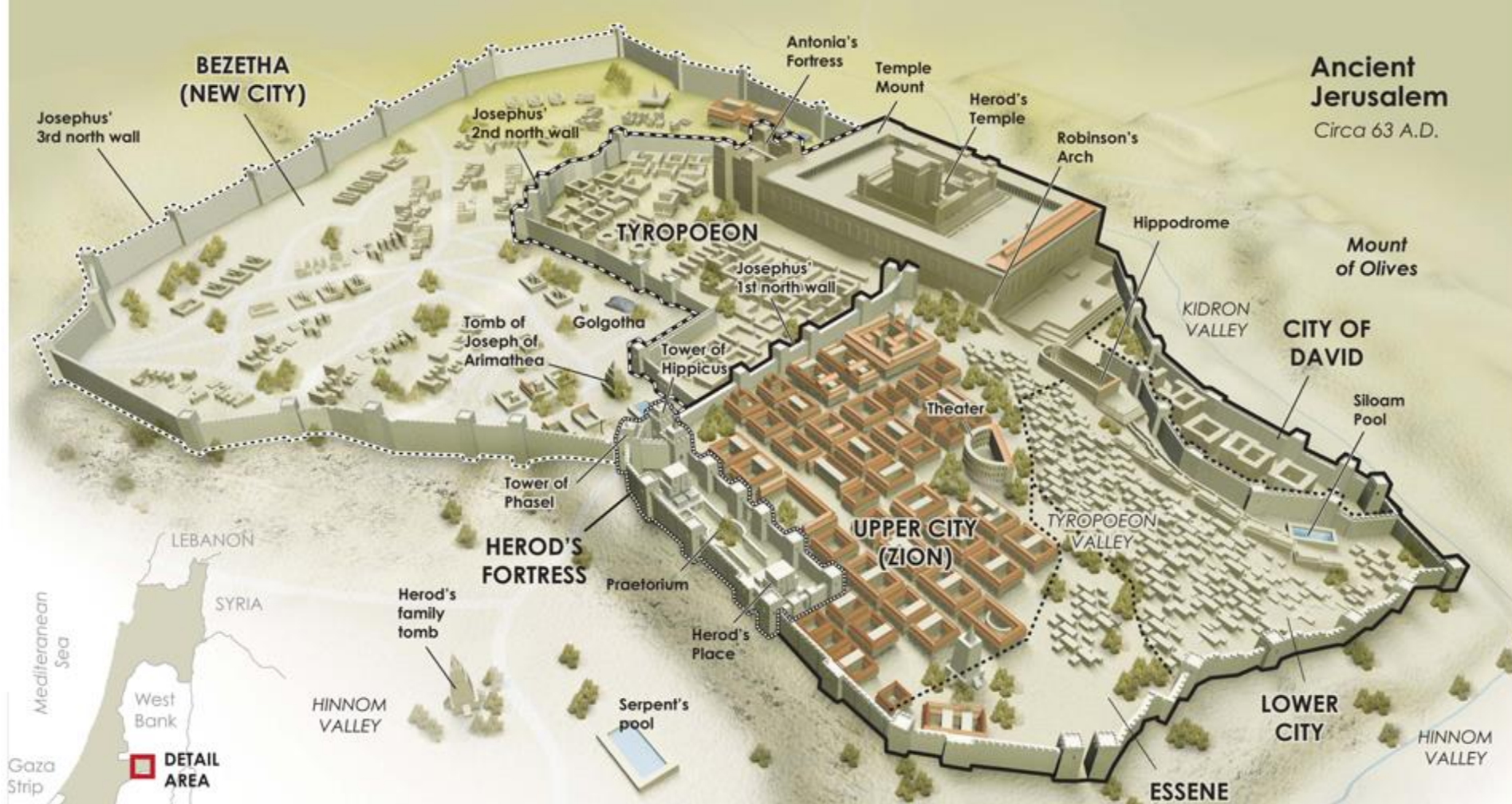
Acts 2

www.northsidehillsboro.com

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The day: Pentecost.
 - Greek word that means “fiftieth day”, called “feast of weeks” in the O.T. *Lev. 23:15-16*
 - The city: Jerusalem.
 - Ancient city of the Jebusites, also called “Salem” in O.T. *Gen. 14:18*
 - City later was completely captured by David. *2 Sam. 5:6-10*



Ancient Jerusalem
Circa 63 A.D.

Jerusalem

By 34 B.C., under King Herod's rule, ancient Jerusalem went through major redevelopment, crowned with the rebuilding of the Second Temple and a bigger Temple Mount. In 66 AD, the Great Jewish Revolt challenged Roman rule over Jerusalem, resulting in the destruction of the temple and the fall of Jerusalem by 70 CE.



The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

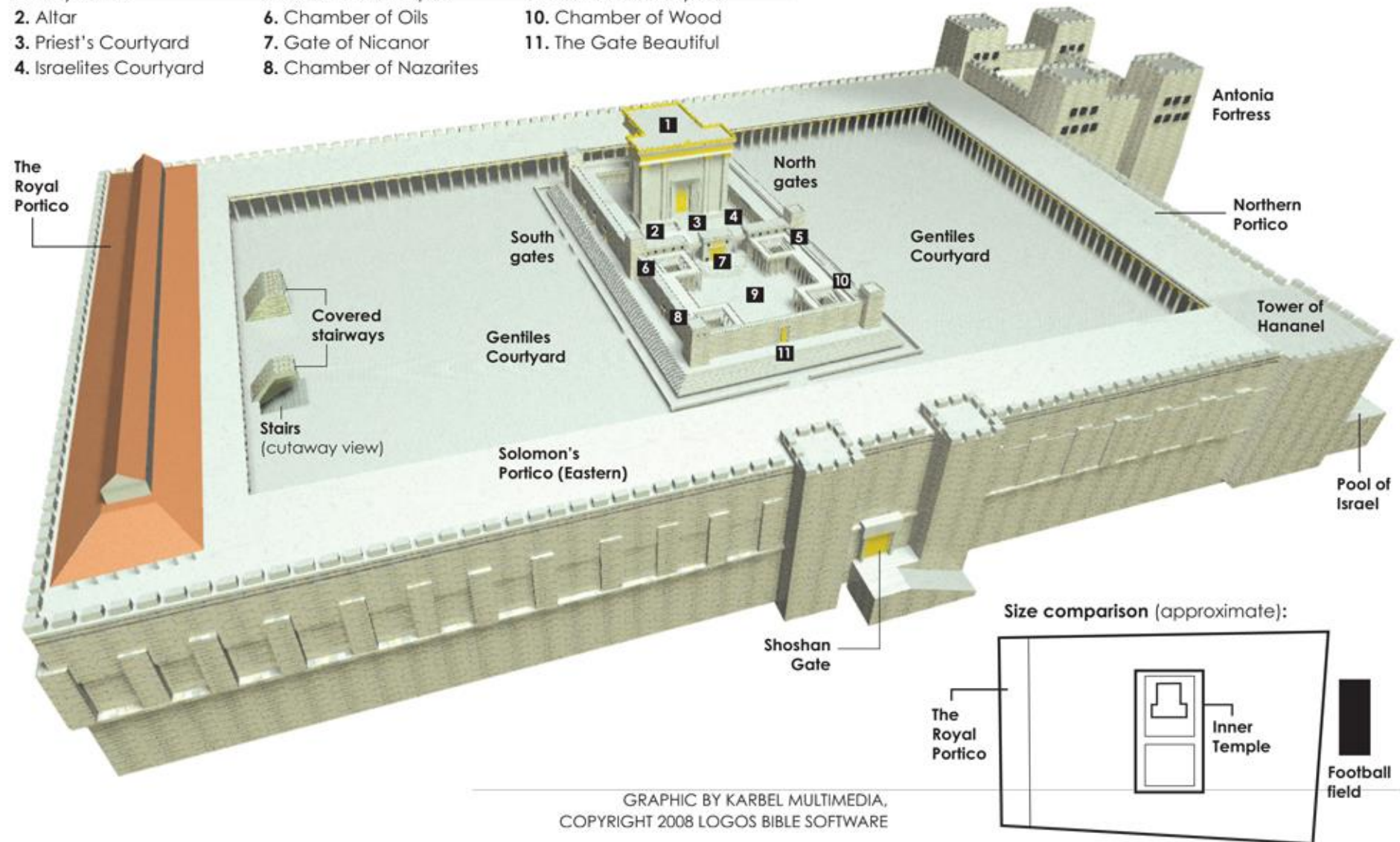
Acts 2

- **The details of this occasion:**
 - **The place: the Jewish Temple.**
 - **Remodeled by Herod the Great, completed in 64 A.D. just 6 years before it's destruction.**

Herod's Temple

King Herod the Great began renovations on the Second Temple approximately 20-19 BC. The entire temple wasn't completed until approximately 62-64 AD, only to be destroyed by the Romans in 70 AD.

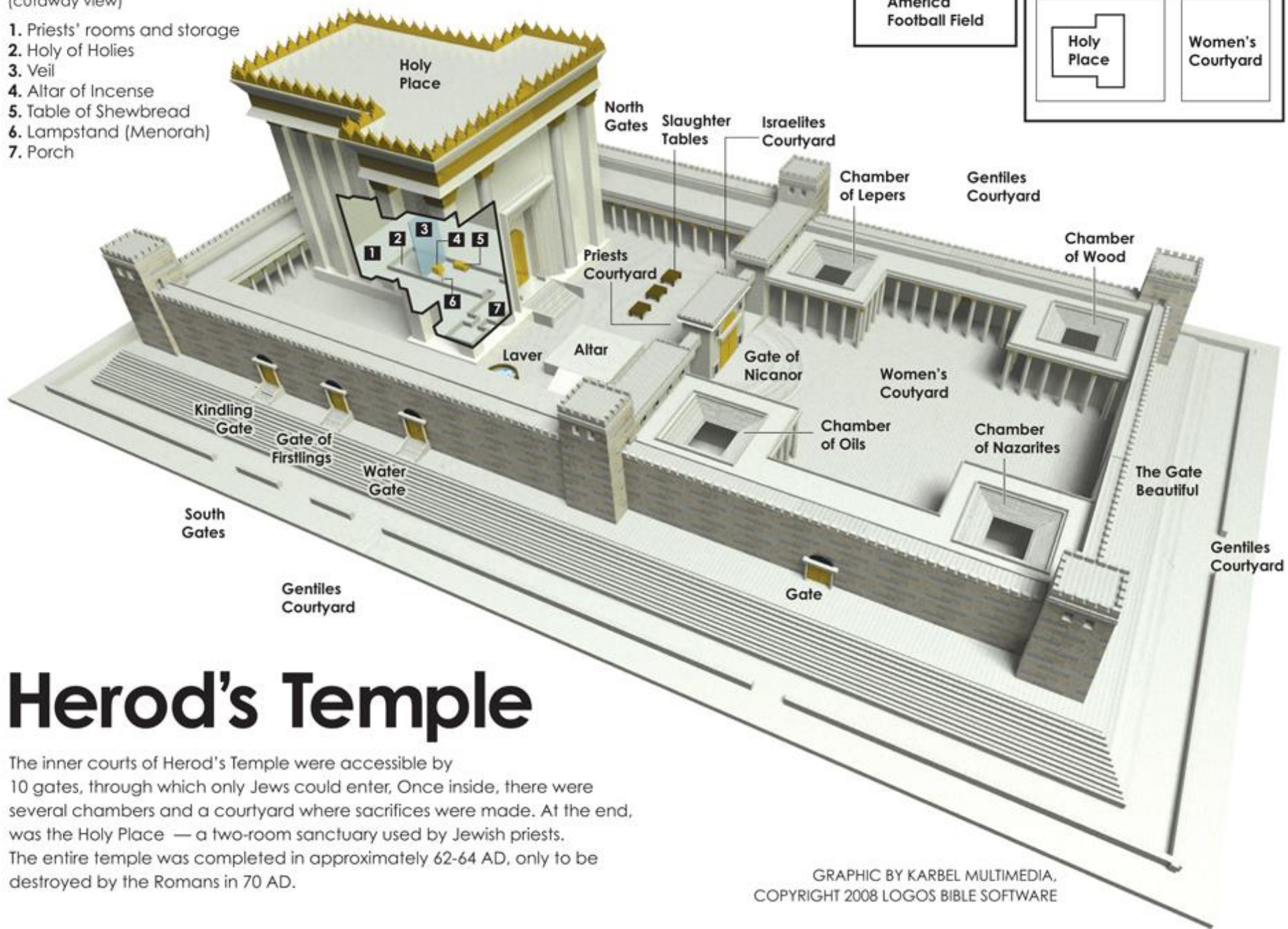
- | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Holy Place | 5. Chamber of Lepers | 9. Women's Courtyard |
| 2. Altar | 6. Chamber of Oils | 10. Chamber of Wood |
| 3. Priest's Courtyard | 7. Gate of Nicanor | 11. The Gate Beautiful |
| 4. Israelites Courtyard | 8. Chamber of Nazarites | |



INSIDE THE HOLY PLACE

(cutaway view)

1. Priests' rooms and storage
2. Holy of Holies
3. Veil
4. Altar of Incense
5. Table of Showbread
6. Lampstand (Menorah)
7. Porch



Herod's Temple

The inner courts of Herod's Temple were accessible by 10 gates, through which only Jews could enter. Once inside, there were several chambers and a courtyard where sacrifices were made. At the end, was the Holy Place — a two-room sanctuary used by Jewish priests. The entire temple was completed in approximately 62-64 AD, only to be destroyed by the Romans in 70 AD.

GRAPHIC BY KARBEL MULTIMEDIA,
COPYRIGHT 2008 LOGOS BIBLE SOFTWARE

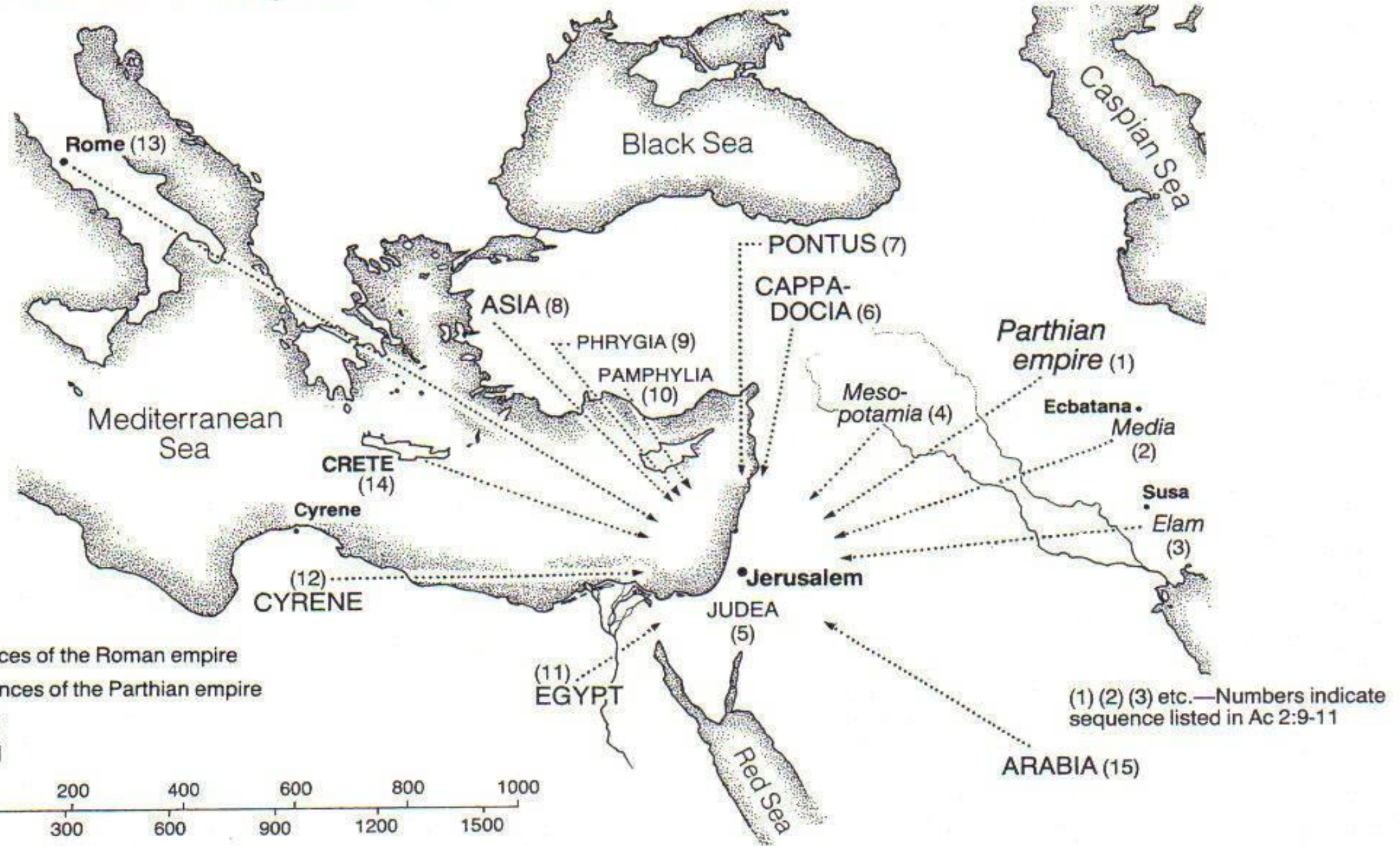
The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- **The details of this occasion:**
 - **The place: the Jewish Temple.**
 - **Remodeled by Herod the Great, completed in 64 A.D. just 6 years before it's destruction.**
 - **The crowd: Jews from every area of known world.**

Countries of People Mentioned at Pentecost

Acts 2:9-11



The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The place: the Jewish Temple.
 - Remodeled by Herod the Great, completed in 64 A.D. just 6 years before it's destruction.
 - The crowd: Jews from every area of known world.
 - Not there for the preaching, but for the feast.

Acts 2:5-11

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The promise fulfilled: the coming of the Holy Spirit.
 - Prophesied by Joel. *Acts 2:16-21*
 - Not upon the 3000. *Acts 2:2-4, 6*
 - Not to the gathering of about 120. *Acts 1:26-2:3*
 - The purpose: to inspire the apostles. *John 14:26; Luke 24:49*

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The sermon: The Savior That God Promised!
 - Such a sermon not the product of drunkenness.
Acts 2:14-16
 - The substance of the sermon was the predetermined will of God. *Acts 2:22-24*
 - The proof of such predetermined plan is seen in prophecy. *Acts 2:25-28*

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The sermon: The Savior That God Promised!
 - Such prophecy was referring to Christ. *Acts 2:29-31*
 - Could not possibly be talking about David.
Acts 2:32-35
 - The conclusion to this sermon. *Acts 2:36*

The Conversion Of The Three Thousand

Acts 2

- The details of this occasion:
 - The results: Obedience to the gospel call.
 - Sermon was personal, and they reacted to such a message. *Acts 2:36-37*
 - The importance of their question is seen in all of N.T. *2 Cor. 5:10; Heb. 5:8-9; Rom. 8:1-2*
 - Peter's response to their question. *Acts 2:38-39*
 - Their reaction: obedience. *Acts 2:40-41*

God's Plan To Save Man

God's Plan:

Believe – *John 8:24; John 1:12*

Repent – *Acts 17:30-31; Luke 13:3*

Confess – *Rom. 10:10; Matt. 10:32*

Be baptized – *Mark 16:16; Acts 10:48*

↳ Puts us into Christ - *Gal. 3:27*

Saves us - *1 Peter 3:21*

Puts us into His body (church)

- *1 Cor. 12:13*

Washes our sins away – *Acts 22:16*

Remain Faithful to the Lord

Col. 1:22-23 - Rev. 2:10 - 1 Cor. 15:58

God's Plan In Action:

Who?	Condition	Prescription	Result
Jailer Acts 16:30-33	Non-believer	Believe – Repent – Baptised	Saved
Jews Acts 2:37-38	Believed	– Repent – Baptised	Forgiveness of Sins
Saul Acts 22:16	Penitent Believer	– Baptised	Washed away sins
Simon Acts 8:22	Unfaithful Christian	Repent - Pray	Forgiveness

What Are My Options?

Sinner

Rom. 6:23

Rom. 2:8-9

2 Thess. 1:7-9

Rom. 6:17-18

Saved

1 Pet. 1:22

Heb. 5:8-9

Matt. 7:21