How To Study The Bible

The Dead Sea Scrolls And The Apocryphal Books

www.northsidehillsboro.com

What About Dead Sea Scrolls?

Found 1948 by a shepherd boy in a cave - property of Jewish nation Septuagint translation - 250 B.C. □ Main value: Previously - earliest manuscript of O.T. in Hebrew was from 916 A. D. Here one dated at least 1,000 years earlier yet read just like our text.

The book of Isaiah Dated between 356-103 BC



Written in Hebrew with only small parts missing due to damage

List Of Biblical Manuscripts Found So Far:

Genesis – 24 Exodus – 18 Leviticus – 17 Numbers – 11 Deuteronomy – 33 Joshua – 2 Judges – 4 Ruth – 4 1-2 Samuel – 4 1-2 Kings – 4





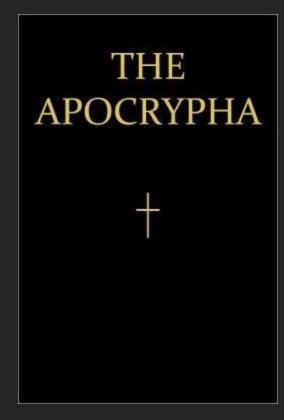
Job – 6 Psalms – 39 Ecclesiastes – 2 Song of Sol. – 4 Isaiah – 22 Jeremiah – 6 Lamentations – 4 Ezekiel – 6 Daniel – 8 **Minor Prophets - 10**

What About Apocryphal Books?

Covers period between Testaments Why rejected: (As being inspired by God) Never accepted in any Jewish Canon. Never quoted by Jesus or apostles. Not accepted by prominent historians & scholars of 1st & 2nd Century: Josephus, Philo, Origen

List Of The Apocrypha Or Deutero-canonical Books:

- 1. Tobit
- 2. Judith
- **3. Wisdom** (also called the Wisdom of Solomon)
- 4. Sirach (also called Ecclesiasticus)
- 5. Baruch, including the Letter of Jeremiah
- 6.1 Maccabees
- 7.2 Maccabees



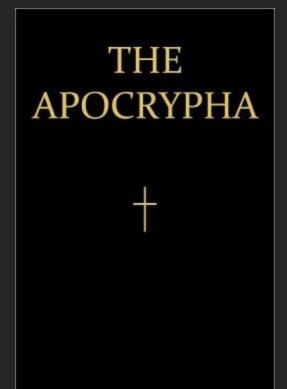
List Of The Apocrypha Or Deutero-canonical Books:

Additions to Esther (Esther 10:4–16:24) Additions to Daniel:

> Prayer of Azariah and Song of the Three Holy Children (Daniel 3:24–90)

The story of Susanna (Daniel 13)

Bel and the Dragon (Daniel 14)



In the 1611 KJV these apocryphal books were positioned between the Old and New Testament. It was a part of the KJV for over 200 years until being removed in 1830's

What About Apocryphal Books?

Covers period between Testaments
Why rejected: (As being inspired by God)
Contains geographical and historical errors
Nebuchadnezzar, king of Assyrians (Judith 1:1)

Judith 1:1

It was the twelfth year of the reign of Nebuchadnezzar, <u>who ruled over the Assyrians</u> in the great city of Nineveh. At that time Arphaxad was ruling over the Medes in Ecbatana.

What About Apocryphal Books?

Covers period between Testaments Why rejected: (As being inspired by God) Contains geographical and historical errors Nebuchadnezzar, king of Assyrians (Judith 1:1) Doctrines that contradict accepted scripture (Tobit 12:9; Ecclesiasticus 3:3; Baruch 3:1-4)

Tobit 12:8b-9

It is better to give alms than to store up gold, 9 for almsgiving saves from death, and purges all sin. Those who give alms will enjoy a full life,

Ecclesiasticus 3:3 Whoso horoureth his father maketh an <u>atonement for his sins</u>:

Baruch 3:1-4

1 "Lord Almighty, God of Israel, the anguished soul, the dismayed spirit cries out to you.

2 Hear, Lord, and have mercy, for you are a merciful God; have mercy on us, who have sinned against you:

3 for you are enthroned forever, while we are perishing forever.

4 Lord Almighty, God of Israel, <u>hear the prayer of the</u> <u>dead of Israel</u>, children who sinned against you; they did not listen to the voice of the Lord, their God, and their evils cling to us.

